

CHAPTER 151

WILD ANIMALS PRESERVATION LAW

A Law to provide for the Preservation of Wild Animals, Birds and Fish.

1. This Law may be cited as the Wild Animals Preservation Law. (30th May, 1916)
Short title.
2. The Governor may by order suspend the operation of this Law or of any of the provisions thereof, either as to the whole of Ebonyi State or as to any part thereof.
Power to suspend application
3. In this Law:
Interpretation

"animal" or "species" means all vertebrates and invertebrates (including non-edible fish), their nests, eggs, egg-shells, skins and plumage;

"game bird" means any bird mentioned in the Third Schedule;
Third Schedule.

"Government" means the Government of Ebonyi State;

"hunt" includes an attempt to kill or capture, and also an intentional causing of injury, or an attempt to cause injury, to an animal or bird;

"protected animal" means any of the animals mentioned in the First or Second Schedules;
First and Second Schedule.

"protected bird" means any of the birds mentioned in the First or Second Schedules;

"resident non-Nigerian" means a person other than a citizen of Nigeria who has satisfied the Secretary of the Local Government Council in which he resides that he is a *bona fide* resident of Nigeria;

"trophy" means any protected animal dead or alive or anything, part of or produced from any such animal when dead or any protected bird, or the eggs, egg-shells, nests or plumage of any such bird, but does not include any trophy or part of a trophy which by a process of *bona fide* manufacture has lost its original identity;

"visitor" means a person who visits Ebonyi State wholly or partly for sporting purposes not being a public officer or a resident non-Nigerian or a citizen of Nigeria.

Appointment
of Chief
Warden and
other officers.

4. (1) For the purpose of this Law, the Civil Service Commission may appoint a Chief Warden, Wardens and such other officers and employees as may be considered necessary.
- (2) There shall be paid to any person appointed under this section such remuneration and allowances (if any) as the Civil Service Commission shall determine.

Advisory
Committee
for Ebonyi
State

5. (1) So soon as may be, there shall be established an advisory committee for Ebonyi State which shall be known as the Wild Animals Preservation Advisory Committee.
- (2) It shall be the duty of the Committee to advise and to make recommendations to the Commissioner on all matters and questions relating to the animals of Ebonyi State.
- (3) The Committee shall consist of a Chairman, who shall be the Chief Warden, and such number of other members not exceeding eight in number as may be determined by the Commissioner.
- (4) There shall be paid to the members of the Advisory Committee such remuneration and allowances (if any) as the Commissioner shall determine.

Animals not
to be hunted,
etc., without
special
licence. First
and Second
Schedules.

6. No person shall hunt, kill or capture:
- (a) any of the animals or birds mentioned in the First Schedule;
- (b) any of the animals mentioned in the First or Second Schedules if the animal be (a) immature or (b) a female accompanied by her young; or
- (c) any female antelope, unless he is authorized by a special licence or other authority under this Law.

Penalty: a fine of Twenty five thousand Naira, or, if the offence relates to more animals than two, a fine of Twenty thousand, five hundred Naira in respect of each animal, or in default, in either case, imprisonment for six months:

Provided that in the case of an offence under paragraph (c) if the offender shall satisfy the court that he committed the offence unintentionally, he shall be liable to a fine of two hundred and fifty Naira for a first offence, and of one thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira for any subsequent offence.

7. No person, unless he is authorized under this Law, shall hunt, kill or capture any animal or bird mentioned in the Second Schedule.
Penalty: a fine of twelve thousand, five hundred Naira, or, if the offence relates to more animals than two, a fine of six thousand, two hundred Naira in respect of each animal, or in default, in either case, imprisonment for six months.
8. No person, unless he is authorized under this Law, shall hunt, kill or capture any of the birds mentioned in the Third Schedule:
Provided that any person who is granted a licence to use a shot gun under the provisions of the Firearms Act, may hunt and kill such birds with such shot gun without further authorization under the provisions of this Law.
Penalty: a fine of one thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira.
9. No person, unless he is authorized under this Law, shall take the egg of a protected bird except the bird is kept in a domesticated state.
10. The Commissioner may, either in respect of the whole State or any Local Government Area or other area thereof, by regulations:
(a) remove any animal or bird from any of the Schedules;
(b) declare that the name of any species, variety or sex of animal or bird not mentioned in any Schedule, shall be added to a particular Schedule.
(c) declare that the name of any species, variety or sex of animal or bird in one Schedule shall be transferred to another Schedule;
(d) prescribe or alter the number of the animals or birds of any species for the time being included in the Second Schedule, which may be hunted, killed or captured under a licence; and
(e) prescribe, add to or alter the areas in which any of the animals or birds mentioned in the Schedules may not be hunted, killed or captured unless authorized under this Law.
11. (1) Save with the permission in writing of an administrative officer, no person shall possess, purchase, sell or transfer any trophy or manufacture anything from any trophy, and such permission shall not be given unless the administrative officer is satisfied that the trophy has been lawfully obtained.
- Animals not to be hunted without a licence. Second Schedules.
- Game birds not be hunted, without a licence. Third Schedule.
- Eggs of protected birds not to be taken.
- Power to vary Schedule.
- Prohibition on having trophies without permission.

- (2) Any person who commits a breach of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a fine of six thousand, two hundred and fifty Naira or in default to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for three months and in addition to the forfeiture of the trophy in respect of which he has been convicted.
- Trophies exported to be marked. 12. (1) Every trophy, consisting of ivory or rhinoceros horn, exported in accordance with the provisions of section 11 of this Law shall be identified by marks which shall be recorded in the export certificate, together with the weight of the trophy.
- (2) Every other trophy exported shall, if possible, be similarly marked and such marks shall be recorded in the export certificate.
- (3) In case it shall not be possible to mark any such trophy, it shall be described in the export certificate so as to identify it with as much certainty as possible.
- Exception to provisions of section 11. 13. Nothing in section 11 shall be deemed to prohibit:
- (a) the possession, sale or purchase of any animal, bird or thing which has been forfeited to or is the property of the Government, and which has been sold by the order of the Commissioner; or
- (b) the sale of any animal, bird or thing, other than an animal, bird or thing liable to forfeiture under this Law, forming part of the estate of a deceased person, if sold by the personal representative of the deceased person; or
- (c) the sale or purchase by a citizen of Nigeria of the flesh of any protected animal or bird which has been killed under a licence or permit.
- Prohibition of sale, etc., of powdered rhinoceros horn. 14. No person shall possess, sell, purchase or transfer any powdered rhinoceros horn.
- Certificate in respect of ivory or horn lawfully obtained. 15. (1) Any person in possession of ivory or rhinoceros horn lawfully obtained may obtain from a person authorized to grant licences under section 23 a permit to dispose freely of such ivory or horn.

- (2) Such permit shall be known as a Free Disposal Permit and shall be in such form as may be prescribed.
 - (3) Any ivory or rhinoceros horn in respect of which such permit has not been obtained shall be deemed to have been obtained in contravention of this Law.
16. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Law contained, no person shall be deemed to have committed an offence against this Law by reason of his having killed or injured any animal or bird in defence of himself or any other person, but he shall report such occurrence without delay to an administrative officer, and when the animal killed is an elephant or rhinoceros shall cause the tusks or horn to be taken to a Government station and handed over to an administrative officer.
- Animal
killed in self
defence.
- (2) When the carcass or remains of any protected animal or any protected bird shall be found, the head, horns, tusks, and feathers of such animal or bird shall be the property of the Government:
- Remains of
animals
found.
- Provided that the Commissioner may:
- (a) waive this right in any case as he may deem fit;
 - (b) direct the payment to any person of such compensation as shall cover the cost of the transport of any ivory or rhinoceros horn to the nearest Government station; and
 - (c) direct the payment of rewards for the finding of ivory or rhinoceros horn.
17. Whenever a person shall be charged with the offence of being in possession of or selling or transferring or exporting or attempting to export any ivory or rhinoceros horn obtained in contravention of this Law this Law, it shall be sufficient if the summons or charge shall allege that the ivory or horn was obtained in contravention of the law, without specifying the law, and the onus shall then be on the person accused to produce satisfactory proof that the ivory or horn was lawfully obtained:
- Onus of
proof.
- Provided that if the person accused shall fail to produce such proof but there shall not be sufficient evidence to prove that such person knew or ought to have known that the ivory or horn was obtained in contravention of the law, the ivory or horn shall be forfeited, but the person accused shall not be liable to either a fine or imprisonment.

Restriction
on killing
fish

18. No person shall use any poison or, without a licence from the Commissioner, any dynamite or other explosive for the killing or taking of any fish.

Use of motor
vehicle or
aircraft for
hunting
prohibited

19. No person shall use any motor vehicle or aircraft (which term shall include aircraft lighter than air) either for the purpose of hunting, killing or capturing any animal or bird or for the purpose of driving, stampeding or disturbing any such animal or bird for any purpose whatsoever including that of filming or photographing:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the right of occupiers in respect of land occupied by them, or of the Government or the Government of the Federation in respect of land utilized for public purposes, to use motor vehicles or aircraft for the purpose of driving away, capturing or destroying any animal or bird found on such land where such ejection, capture or destruction is not otherwise contrary to law.

Power to
prohibit
destructive
methods of
capture.

20. Where it appears to the Commissioner that any method used for killing or capturing animals, birds or fish is unduly destructive, he may by regulations prohibit such method, or prescribe the conditions under which any method may be used; and if any person uses any method so prohibited or uses any method otherwise than according to the conditions so prescribed, he shall be liable to the same penalties as for a breach of this Law.

Power to
declare a
close season.

21. (1) The Commissioner may by regulations declare any area to be closed for any specified period in respect of the killing or capturing of all or any species of protected animals or protected birds or game birds.
- (2) Any person who shall hunt, kill or capture or attempt to kill or capture, or who shall have in his possession any animal or bird killed or captured in contravention of any such regulations shall be liable to a fine of twenty thousand Naira.

Game Reserves

22. (1) The Commissioner may by regulations declare any area to be a game reserve, and may define or alter the limits of any game reserve. Power to declare game reserves.
- (2) Save as provided in this Law, any person who hunts, kills or captures any animal in a game reserve, or is found within a game reserve in circumstances showing that he was unlawfully in pursuit of any animal shall be guilty of a breach of this Law. Prohibition of hunting etc. within reserve.
- (3) For the purpose of this section and of the provisions of this Law relating to reserves, the term "animal" means mammals and birds, but does not include any animal kept in a domesticated state. Meaning of "animal" in the section.
23. (1) The following licences may be granted by the Commissioner or by such person as may be authorized by him: Licences and by whom issued.
- (a) a resident non-Nigerian's licence;
- (b) a visitor's licence;
- (c) a fortnightly licence; and
- (d) a bird licence.
- (2) The following fees shall be payable for licences, that is to say, for a resident non-Nigerian's licence, five hundred; for a visitor's licence, one thousand five hundred Naira; for a fortnightly licence, two thousand, five hundred Naira one hundred and twenty-five Naira; for a bird licence, six hundred Naira. Fees for licences.
- (3) A resident non-Nigerian's licence and a visitor's licence shall be in force for one year from the date of issue, but, subject to the regulations, may be renewed from month to month on payment of the prescribed fee. Duration of licences.
- (4) A fortnightly licence shall be in force for fourteen days from the date of issue of such licence but not more than one such licence shall be issued to the same person within a period of twelve months.
- (5) A bird licence shall be in force for one year from the date of issue.
- (6) No licence granted under this Law can be transferred. Licence not transferable

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| To be produced when called for. | (7) | Every licence must be produced when called for by any administrative, police or forest officer, and any licence holder who fails, without reasonable cause, to produce it when called for shall be guilty of an offence against this Law. |
| Animals which may be killed | 24. (1) | A resident non-Nigerian's licence and a visitor's licence respectively authorize the holder to hunt, kill or capture animals and birds of any of the species mentioned in the Second or Third Schedules but, unless the licence otherwise provides, not more than the number of each species mentioned in the Second Schedule fixed by the second column of that Schedule. |
| Second and Third Schedules | (2) | A fortnightly licence authorizes the holder to hunt, kill or capture animals and birds of any of the species included in the Second or Third Schedules, provided that the total number of protected animals and protected birds killed or captured under such licence does not exceed ten, and that the number of any species mentioned in the Second Schedule does not exceed the number fixed in the second column of that Schedule. |
| | (3) | The holder of a resident non-Nigerian's licence or of a visitor's licence may, by the licence, be authorized to kill or capture additional animals or birds of any species included in the Second Schedule on payment of such additional fees as may be prescribed by the Commissioner. |
| To whom resident non-Nigerian's licence may be granted | 25. | A resident non-Nigerian's licence shall not be granted except to a public officer of Nigeria or to a resident non-Nigerian, or, with the consent of the Commissioner, to any Nigerian who is able to keep the register required by section 33. |
| Bird licence Third Schedule | 26. | A bird licence authorizes the holder thereof to hunt, kill and capture birds of the species mentioned in the Third Schedule. |
| Special licence | 27. (1) | The Commissioner may, for scientific or administrative purposes in exceptional circumstances, grant a special licence to any person authorizing him to hunt, kill or capture: |

- (a) any specified species of animal or bird in any area declared to be a game reserve; and
 - (b) any specified species of protected animals (other than elephant or rhinoceros) mentioned in the First Schedule, in any area other than an area declared to be a game reserve.
- (2) such special licences shall be subject to such conditions as the Commissioner may by endorsement on the licence impose.

28. It shall be shown to the satisfaction of a Local Government Secretary of a Local Government Council, or any other officer appointed by the Commissioner in this behalf, that it is necessary, in order to protect the lives of any persons or to prevent the destruction of crops or of domestic stock or in time of famine or for any requirement relating to public health or public order, that any protected animal or protected bird shall be destroyed, the Local Government Secretary or other officer as aforesaid may authorize any person to kill such animals or birds for such period and by such methods (even though prohibited by the provisions of this Law or the regulations made thereunder) and subject to such condition as he may direct with due regard to the prevention of any unnecessary destruction of protected animals or birds:

Power to authorize destruction of animals injuring food supplies or crops or endangering life

Provided that such authority shall not be granted in the case of animals or birds in a game reserve.

29. (1) Any person authorized to grant licences under section 23 may, on the application of the holder of a resident non Nigeria's licence or a visitor's licence, grant a special licence authorizing such person to hunt, kill or capture either one or two elephants or rhinoceros as the applicant shall require and as shall be specified therein. Such special licence shall not authorize the holder to hunt, kill or capture any elephant having tusks weighing less than ten kilograms each.
- (2) There shall be paid for such special licence the fees following:
For a licence to hunt, kill or capture one elephant or rhinoceros, two thousand, five hundred Naira.

Special licence to kill elephant or rhinoceros

For a licence to hunt, kill or capture two elephants or rhinoceros, seven thousand Naira.

- (3) Every licence granted under this section shall expire on the same date as the resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence held at the time of the granting of such special licence by the person to whom the same shall be granted and only one such special licence shall be granted to such person during the period of any such resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence: Provided, however, if such person shall have taken out a special licence authorizing him to hunt, kill or capture one elephant or rhinoceros only, he may, on payment of a further fee of five thousand Naira, be granted a licence authorizing him to hunt, kill or capture a second elephant or rhinoceros.

Original
licence to be
endorsed.

30. Every person who shall obtain a special licence under the last preceding section shall produce to the officer granting the same his resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence and such officer shall endorse thereon the fact of such special licence having been granted and the nature of the licence.

When
licence is
not used

31. When the holder of a resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence or a special elephant or rhinoceros licence has been prevented by circumstances beyond his own control from making any use of such licence, he shall be granted, on application, a similar licence free of charge at any time within five years from the date of his unused licence.

Holder of an
elephant or
rhinoceros
licence may
obtain
certificate of
free disposal.

32. The holder of a special elephant or rhinoceros licence shall, on presentation to any person authorized to issue licences under section 23 of the tusk or horn of any elephant or rhinoceros killed by him under the authority of his licence, be entitled to receive a Free Disposal Permit in respect of each such tusk or horn, and every tusk or horn disposed of by him shall be accompanied by the said permit.

Register to
be kept by
licence
holders.

33. (1) Every holder of a licence, other than a bird licence, shall keep a register in the prescribed form and shall enter

- therein, as soon as conveniently may be after killing or capturing any protected animal or protected bird, the species and number of the animals and birds killed or captured, and shall, whenever required by an administrative officer, produce such register for inspection, and shall, if required by the administrative officer certify in writing over his signature that the register is a complete record of all protected animals and protected birds killed or captured during the currency of his licence.
- (2) Every holder of a licence shall, within fifteen days after his licence has expired, send the register to the Commissioner and shall therein certify as in the preceding subsection provided.
- (3) If any holder of a licence fails to keep his register truly, or to produce, send or certify it as required, he shall be liable to a fine of Seven thousand, five hundred Naira.
34. The Commissioner may:
- (a) revoke any licence when he is satisfied that the holder has been guilty of a breach of any of the provisions of this Law or of the conditions of his licence, or has connived with any other person in any such breach, or that in any matters in relation thereto he has acted otherwise than in good faith;
 - (b) refuse a licence or direct that a licence shall be refused to any applicant; or
 - (c) require any applicant for a licence to give security, by bond or by deposit, for such sum, not exceeding thirty seven thousand, five hundred Naira, as the Commissioner may determine, for his compliance with this Law and the condition of his licence.
35. No licence under this Law shall be deemed to authorize the holder thereof to enter upon private land for the purpose of hunting without the consent of the owner or occupier.
36. (1) Persons in the employment of holders of licences may, without licence, assist such holders of licences in hunting animals, but shall not use firearms, bows or arrows.

Failure to
keep or
produce an
offence.

Revocation
and refusal
of licences

Licence
does not
authorize
trespass.

Where
servants
may assist.

Licence may
be forfeited.

- (2) In any case of a breach of the provisions of this section, the licence holder shall be liable to a fine of twelve thousand Naira and his licence may be forfeited.

Bird licence
not required
by citizen of
Nigeria.

Permits to hunt and kill Animals and Birds

37. Subject to the provisions of any regulations under section 21, any citizen of Nigeria may hunt, kill or capture without a licence any game birds, provided that he does not use for such purpose any firearm other than a flint-lock gun.

Authority to
kill
protected
animals and
birds second
schedules.

38. (1) A Local Government Secretary or any other officer appointed by Commissioner in this behalf may grant a permit to any citizen of Nigeria, or group of them, to hunt, kill or capture any animals or birds mentioned in the First Schedule. Such permit shall specify the species and the number of each species which may be killed or captured and may specify the mode of hunting and the area over which and the seasons during which the citizen of Nigeria or group of them may hunt in pursuance of such permit.
- (2) No permit shall authorize the killing of:
- (a) a female antelope; or
 - (b) any protected animal, if the animal be:
 - (i) immature; or
 - (ii) a female accompanied by its young.
- (3) Whenever a permit shall authorize the hunting, killing and capturing of an elephant or rhinoceros, the following conditions shall apply:
- (a) no female elephant or rhinoceros, or elephant having tusks weighing less than ten kilograms each shall be hunted, killed or captured;
 - (b) the citizen of Nigeria or the head of the group, to whom the permit is granted, shall report without delay the killing of any elephant or rhinoceros to the administrative officer in charge of the district and shall deposit the tusks or horn with that officer;
 - (c) the officer with whom any tusks are deposited under the last preceding paragraph shall cause the same to be weighed, and if each tusk weighs not less than ten kilograms and the person depositing the same

shall pay, by way of royalty to the Government, twenty five Naira for every pound weight of ivory, the officer shall permit such person to retain the tusks, but otherwise the tusks shall be the property of the Government and shall be dealt with as the Commissioner may direct; and

- (d) any rhinoceros horn deposited under the provisions of paragraph (b) shall be returned to the person depositing the same.
- (4) Any person authorized to grant a permit under this section may at any time cancel the same if he is satisfied that any person to whom the same has been granted has hunted, killed or captured any protected animal or bird which he was not authorized by the permit to hunt, kill and capture, or has committed a breach of any of the conditions of the permit.

Legal Procedure

- 39. Where any administrative, police or forest officer thinks it expedient for the purposes of verifying the register of a licence holder, or suspects that any person has been guilty of a breach of any of the provisions of this Law or of the conditions of his licence or permit, he may inspect and search, or authorize any subordinate officer to inspect and search, any baggage, package, wagon, tent, building, or caravan belonging to or under the control of such person, or his agent, and if the officer finds any head, horn, tusk, skin, feather or other remains of any animal or bird appearing to have been killed, or any live animal or bird appearing to have been captured, in contravention of this Law, he shall seize and take the same before the Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

Power to
search and
seize

- 40. (1) Any person who commits any breach of the provisions of this Law, or of the conditions of his licence or permit for which breach no special penalty is prescribed, shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine of twenty thousand, five hundred Naira.
- (2) In all cases of conviction for any offence under this Law, the heads, horns, tusks, skins or other remains of animals or birds found in the possession of the offender or his agent, shall be liable to forfeiture, unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that they were not obtained in

Penalties.

Forfeiture on
conviction

contravention of this Law, and all live animals or birds captured in contravention of this Law shall be liable to forfeiture.

- (3) If the person convicted is the holder of a licence his, licence may be revoked by the Court.

Revocation
of licences by
Court.

41. Where in any proceeding under this Law any fine is imposed, the Court may award any sum not exceeding half the total fine recovered to any informer.

Summary
trial.

42. All offences under this Law may be tried summarily.

Power to
make
regulations.

43. The Commissioner may make regulations in respect of the following matters:

- (a) the application for, issue and form of licences;
- (b) requiring the holder of any special licence granted under section 27 or section 29 before hunting under such licence in any Local Government to submit the licence for endorsement by the Local Government Secretary of the province;
- (c) the issue of a duplicate licence in the case of a licence being lost or destroyed and prescribing the fee to be paid;
- (d) providing for the issue of licences to ostrich farmers, authorizing the collection of the eggs of wild ostriches and the capture of young ostriches, and prescribing the conditions to be attached to such licences and the fees to be paid therefor;
- (e) prohibiting or regulating the capture or killing of fish or of any specified kind of fish either generally or in respect of any specified waters;
- (f) prohibiting the use of any specified kind of net or instrument for the killing or capture of fish;
- (g) for the protection of spawning beds;
- (h) prohibiting the firing at animals or birds from any steamship on State waters;
- (i) prohibiting the use of poison for the purpose of killing any animal or bird;
- (j) prohibiting the making or use of any game pits, nets or traps for the purpose of killing or capturing any animal or bird;

- (k) prohibiting the use of fire for the purpose of hunting, killing or capturing any animal or bird;
- (l) providing for the marking with identifying marks of elephant tusks and rhinoceros horns;
- (m) prohibiting the possession of any specified kind of arms, lamp or any other article used or likely to be used or capable of being used in hunting;
- (n) prohibiting the carrying of any specified kinds of arms, lamps, or any other articles while hunting; and
- (o) generally for the carrying out of the purposes of this Law.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Animals and birds which may not be hunted, killed or captured (except under a special licence):

Aard Vaak.
Aard Wolf.
Abyssinian Ibex or Wali.
Abyssinian Wolf.
Banded Duiker.
Barbary Stag.
Bongo.
Chimpanzee.
Crested Bush Rat.
Eland.
Elephant.
Fossa.
Giant Sable Antelope.
Giraffe.
Gorilla.
Hippopotamus-when found in or on the banks of:
(a) the Cross River between Obubra, Ikwo and Afikpo;
(b) the rivers and creeks within Ibonyi State.
Madagascar Lemur.
Manatee.
Mountain Nyala or Buxton's Bush Buck.
Mountain Zebra.
Northern Hartebeest or Bubal.
Nubian Ibex or Bedin.
Nyala.
Okapi.
Otter Shrew.
Pangolin.
Rhinoceros.
Water Chevrotain.

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Wild Ass.
 Yellow-backed Duiker.
 Abyssinian Ground Chough.
 African Broadbill.
 African Peacock.
 African Yellow-billed Swallow.
 Bald-headed Ibis or Waldrapp.
 Buff-racked Heron.
 Egret.
 European White Stork.
 Flightless Rail of Inaccessible Island.
 Marabout Stork.
 Northern Secretary Bird.
 Ostrich.
 Owl.
 Rhinoceros Bird.
 Secretary Bird.
 Vulture.
 Whale-headed Stork or Shoe-bill.
 White-breasted Guinea Fowl.
 Fishes of the Grottoes of Thysville.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Animals and birds which may be hunted, killed or captured under a visitor's or resident non-Nigerian's licence:

Species	Number which may be killed or captured
Addra Gazelle (<i>Rufi collis</i>) ...	2
Beira ...	1
Bontebok ...	1
Buffalo ...	4
*Buffon's Kob (<i>Cobus kob</i>) ...	8
*Bush Buck or Harnessed Antelope ...	4
Colobus Monkey ...	2
Dama Gazelle ...	2
Dibatag or Clarke's Gazelle ...	1
Dorcas ...	2
Duiker (all species except the Yellow-backed and Banded Duiker) ...	20
*Hartebeest ...	4
Hippopotamus (except where included in the First Schedule) ...	2
Impala ...	1

Klipspringer	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
*Oribi	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Oryx (white)	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
*Reed Buck	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
*Roan Antelope	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
*Senegal Hartebeest	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Senegal or Red-fronted Gazelle (Rufi frons)	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Situtunga	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Wart Hog	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
*Water Buck	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
White-tailed Gnu	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

In the case of the animals marked with * above, the Commissioner may allow a larger number, not exceeding double that stated, to be killed in certain special districts where the particular species are abundant, and the licence will be endorsed accordingly.

Abyssinian Ground Hornbill	...	...	...	...	...	1
Crowned Crane	...	...	...	...	...	2
Greater Bustard	...	...	...	...	...	2
Greater Kudu	...	...	...	...	...	1

THIRD SCHEDULE

GAME BIRDS

Duck, Widgeon, Mallard.
 Floricans.
 Francolins.
 Geese.
 Guinea Fowl.
 Lesser Bustards.
 Partridges.
 Quail.
 Red-eyed and Green Pigeons. Rock Fowl.
 Sand Grouse.
 Snipe.
 Teal.

WILD ANIMALS PRESERVATION LAW
SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

Wild Animals Preservation (Prohibition of Dazzle) Regulations

made under section 18

1. These regulations may be called the Wild Animals Preservation (Prohibition of Dazzle) Regulations.
2. The killing or capturing of animals or birds by using a bright lamp or other portable light for the purpose of dazzling them, or otherwise rendering them more easy prey, is hereby prohibited.

Penalty: -twenty thousand Naira.

Wild Animals Preservation (Licenses) Regulations

made under section 43

Citation.

1. These regulations may be cited as the Wild Animals (Licenses) Regulations.

Licenses

Grant of
licences.

2. Licenses under section 23 of the Law may be issued by any administrative officer, Magistrate or officer of the Forestry Division of the Ministry of Agriculture and shall be in the forms set out in the First Schedule.

Renewal of
licence.

3. (1) A resident non-Nigerian's licence or a visitor's licence may be renewed on the payment of the fees following:
A resident non-Nigerian's licence:
Monthly renewal, one hundred Naira.
A visitor's licence:
Monthly renewal, five hundred Naira.
(2) Such renewal may be made on application to any officer mentioned in the preceding regulation who, on the receipt of the fee prescribed, shall endorse the fact of such renewal on the original licence.

Form A.

Form B.

- (3) A renewal licence does not entitle the holder to kill or capture animals or birds in excess of the number authorized by the original licence.
4. Any person whose licence has been lost or destroyed may, on application to any officer authorized to issue the licence, and on satisfying such officer that the licence has been lost or destroyed, be granted a duplicate licence for the remainder of the term of the original licence on payment of a fee of one hundred Naira.

Lost licence.
5. A licence authorizing the holder thereof to hunt, kill or capture elephant shall be in the form set out in the First Schedule.

Elephant licence, form E.
6.
 - (1) Any administrative officer may, on the application of the holder of a resident non-Nigerian's licence or a visitor's licence, grant a special licence authorizing such person to kill or capture one rhinoceros and one eland. Such special licence shall not authorize the holder to hunt, kill or capture an immature rhinoceros or eland, or a female rhinoceros or eland accompanied by her young.

Special licence to kill rhinoceros or eland
 - (2) Every such licence shall be in the form set out in the First Schedule, and there shall be paid therefor a fee of five hundred Naira, or, if granted in respect of both rhinoceros and eland, six hundred naira.

Form F
 - (3) The person who obtains a special licence under this regulation shall produce to the officer granting the same his resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence and such officer shall endorse thereon the fact of such special licence having been granted.

Renewal of licence.
 - (4) Every licence granted under this regulation shall expire on the same date as the resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence held at the time of the granting of such special licence by the person to whom such special licence is granted, and only one licence to kill a rhinoceros and one licence to kill an eland shall be granted to such person during the period of such resident non-Nigerian's or visitor's licence.
7. The holder of any special licence granted under sections 27 or 29 of the Law shall before hunting under such licence in any province submit the licence for endorsement by the Local Government Secretary.

Endorsement of special licence by Local Government Secretary in which holder proposes to hunt.

Game RegisterFrom of
register to
second
schedule.

8. The register to be kept by licence holders as required by section 33 of the Law shall be in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Marking of IvoryMarking of
Government
ivory.

9. (1) The administrative officer when permitting any citizen of Nigeria to retain a tusk deposited with him in pursuance of the provisions of section 38 (3) of the Law, and any officer or person selling any tusk on behalf of the Government shall cause the tusk to be marked with the letters N.G., and the date, and the name of the person retaining or purchasing the tusk, and of the station or place at which the tusk has been so marked.

Penalty

- (2) Any person who shall, without proper authority, mark or cause to be marked any tusk or part of a tusk with such mark as aforesaid shall be liable to a fine of seven thousand five hundred naira and the tusk or part of a tusk in respect of which the offence has been committed shall be forfeited to the Government.

Acts prohibited

10. Any person who shall:
- (a) use any poison for the purpose of killing any protected animal;
 - (b) fire at any protected animal or protected bird or game bird from any steamer in motion;
 - (c) make or use any game pit, net or trap for the purpose of killing or capturing any protected animal or protected bird; or
 - (d) hunt any protected animal with dogs; shall be liable to a fine of twelve thousand Naira.

Free disposal
permit Third
Schedule

11. A free disposal permit under section 15 of the Law shall be in the form in the Third Schedule.